Frimley Church of England School

Reading - Skills and Knowledge Progression





<u>Intent</u>

At Frimley, we believe that the teaching of reading is integral to a child's understanding and appreciation of the world around them; a platform that allows our children to see beyond what they know, share in cultural experiences and develop the vocabulary they need to effectively express themselves. Our reading curriculum strives to create a balance between instruction in cognitive reading processes which develop the children's technical and comprehension skills and affective experiences which foster a lifelong love of reading.

Implementation

This curriculum is delivered through synthetic phonics, a linked approach to shared and guided reading, home reading, reading across the curriculum, regular opportunities for independent reading and hearing quality texts read aloud every day. All of these are essential components as they offer the range of opportunities needed to develop fluent, enthusiastic and critical readers. Pupils are provided with retrieval challenges in all lessons to support retention and long-term memory of previously taught areas. Monitoring of Reading provision will be an ongoing process throughout the academic year. English leaders will monitor lesson flipcharts (including teacher models and inputs, learning scaffolds, resources used and learning activities), learning outcomes through scrutiny of work and pupil and staff voice – both formally and informally. Assessment outcomes will also be monitored and analysed to identify wider school trends. Subsequent actions will be taken in response to all formats of monitoring to continually improve maths provision.

At Frimley all classes follow a structured 5 day approach to reading activities. All sessions are interactive and teachers facilitate speaking and listening opportunities, with children working hard individually. Engagement promoted through regular use of think-pair-share, responses on mini-whiteboards and collaborative tasks. Children explore their class reader in two sessions a week so that they are able to effectively apply their reading skills to a familiar text. Those children who require additional support in their reading are supported in smaller groups with age appropriate texts, their reading is tracked through PM Benchmarking.

High quality texts and passages are chosen, appropriate to the expectations of the year group or ability of children, and teachers use this to model the application of the agreed reading skills. Children are taught to notice breakdown in reading - identifying words/phrases they don't understand and strategies to fix breakdown in meaning. Children are taught to relate the text to themselves, previous reading experiences and the world around them.

Further to modelled sessions, children have the opportunity to read texts with greater independence and apply their skills when responding to the wide range of domain questions. More complex questions are evaluated between wider groups and teachers model how to refine answers to a high standard. Reading activities build upon the KS1 experience and phonics are taught across the school where necessary. A wide range of rich, stimulating texts, both fiction and non-fiction, are available for pupils in the classrooms and library. We provide the children with a variety of reading experiences which leads to confident readers, who are happy to discuss their opinions on a variety of different styles of text. Reading schemes are used to support children as they develop their abilities. These ensure a structured progression in reading, alongside the teaching of phonics. Intrinsic teaching of reading, based on rich and varied texts is a priority to ensure children read for deeper meaning. The school runs annual book days and book fairs to promote reading.

Impact

- Pupils will enjoy reading across a range of genres
- Pupils will have an appreciation of our rich and varied literary heritage;
- Pupils will be able to read easily, fluently and with good understanding;
- Pupils will be in the habit of reading widely and often, for both pleasure and information;
- Pupils of all abilities will be able to succeed in all reading lessons
- Pupils will use a range of strategies for decoding words, not solely relying on phonics
- Pupils will have a good knowledge of a range of authors
- Pupils will be ready to read in any subject in their forthcoming secondary education
- Parents and carers will have a good understanding of how they can support reading at
- home, and contribute regularly to homework
- The percentage of pupils working at EXS within each year group will be at least in line with
- national averages
- The percentage of pupils working at GDS within each year group will be at least in line with
- national averages

National curriculum expectations:

The overarching aim for English in the national curriculum is to promote high standards of language and literacy by equipping pupils with a strong command of the spoken and written word, and to develop their love of literature through widespread reading for enjoyment. The national curriculum for English aims to ensure that by the end of Key Stage 2 all pupils should be able to:

- read easily, fluently and with good understanding.
- develop the habit of reading widely and often, for both pleasure and information
- acquire a wide vocabulary, an understanding of grammar and knowledge of linguistic conventions for reading, writing and spoken language
- appreciate our rich and varied literary heritage
- write clearly, accurately and coherently, adapting their language and style in and for a range of contexts, purposes and audiences
- use discussion in order to learn; they should be able to elaborate and explain clearly their understanding and ideas
- are competent in the arts of speaking and listening, making formal presentations, demonstrating to others and participating in debate.

Reading	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Reading Knowledge	 Word Reading As Year 1 and: Letters and Sounds Phase Apply phonic knowledge and skills to read words until automatic Decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent Read accurately by blending the sounds in words, especially recognising Alternative sounds for graphemes Read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain alternative Sounds for grapheme e.g. shoulder, roundabout, grouping Read words containing common suffixes e.g. – ness, -ment, -ful, -ly Read further common exception words, noting tricky parts (see bottom) 	 Year 3 Word Reading As Year 2 and: Use knowledge of root words to understand meanings of words Use prefixes to understand meanings e.g. un-, dis-,-mis-, re- Use suffixes to understand meanings e.gation, -ous Read and understand meaning of words on Y3/4 word list – see bottom. Use intonation, tone and volume when reading aloud Take note of punctuation when reading aloud. 	 Year 4 Word Reading As Year 3 and: Use knowledge of root words to understand meanings of words Use prefixes to understand meanings e.g. sub-,inter-, anti-,-auto- Use suffixes to understand meanings e.gation, -ous, -tion, -sion, -ssion,-cian Read and understand meaning of words on Y3/4 word list – see bottom Use punctuation to determine intonation and expression when reading aloud to a range of audiences. 	 Year 5 Word Reading As Year 4 and: Use knowledge of root words to understand meanings of words Apply knowledge of prefixes to understand meaning of new words Use suffixes to understand meanings e.gant, -ance, -ancy,-ent, ence, -ency, -ible, -able, -ibly, -ably, Read and understand meaning of words on Y5/6 word list. Use punctuation to determine intonation and expression when reading aloud to a range of audiences. 	 Word Reading As Year 5 and: Use knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes to investigate how the meanings of words change e.g. un+happy+ness, dis+repute+able, dis+respect+ful, re+engage+ment Use suffixes to understand meanings e.gcious, -tious, -tial, -cial Read and understand meaning of words on Y5/6 word list – see bottom Use etymology to help the pronunciation of new words e.g. chef, chalet, machine, brochure – French in origin Employ dramatic effect to engage listeners whilst reading aloud Read extensively for pleasure Skim texts to ascertain the gist Use a combination of scanning and close reading to locate information As above and:
	 Sounds for grapheme e.g. shoulder, roundabout, grouping Read words containing common suffixes e.g. – ness, -ment, -ful, -ly Read further common exception words, noting tricky parts (see bottom) Read frequently encountered words quickly and accurately without overt sounding and blending Read aloud books closely matched to their 		_		 Employ dramatic effect to engage listeners whilst reading aloud Read extensively for pleasure Skim texts to ascertain the gist Use a combination of scanning and close reading to locate information As above and: Evaluate texts quickly in order to determine their usefulness or appeal Understand underlying themes, causes and
	improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words				 consequences within whole texts. Understand the structures writers use to achieve

 accurately, automatically and without. Re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading. 	coherence; (headings; links within and between paragraphs; connectives) Recognise authors' techniques to influence and manipulate the reader.
 Uses tone and intonation when reading aloud. 	
 Read longer and less familiar texts independently. 	

Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary	Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary	Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read,vocabulary	Maintain positive attitudes to reading and understanding what	Maintain positive attitudes to reading and understanding
and understanding by:	and understanding by:	and understanding by:	they read by:	what they read by:
 Listening to a range of texts at a level beyond that at which they can read.independently including stories, non- fiction, and contemporary and classic poetry. 	 Listening to and discussing a range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction Regularly listening to whole novels read aloud by the teacher. Reading a range of non- 	 Listening to, reading and discussing a range of fiction, poetry, plays and non-fiction in different forms e.g. advertisements, formal speeches, leaflets, magazines, electronic 	 Listening to and discussing a range of fiction, poetry, plays and nonfiction which they might not choose to read themselves. Regularly listening to whole novels read aloud by the 	 Listening to, reading and discussing an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays and non- fiction. Regularly listening to whole novels read aloud by the
Sequence and discus the	fiction texts including	texts.	teacher from an increasing	teacher from an increasing
 main events in stories Learn and recite a range of poems using appropriate 	information, explanations, instructions, recounts, reports, persuasion	 Regularly listening to whole novels read aloud by the teacher. 	range of authors.Exploring themes within and across texts e.g. loss,	range of authors, which they may not choose themselves.
intonation.Retell a wider range of stories, fairy tales and	 Analysing and evaluate texts looking at language, structure and presentation 	 Analysing and evaluate texts looking at language, structure and 	 heroism, friendship. Making comparisons within a text e.g. characters' 	 Recognising themes within and across texts e.g. hope, peace, fortune, survival.
traditional tales.	e.g. newspaper reports,	presentation.	viewpoints of same events	Making comparisons within
 Read a range of non-fiction texts including information, explanations, instructions, recounts, reports. 	 recipes, etc. Recognising some different forms of poetry e.g. narrative, free verse etc. 	 Analysing different forms of poetry e.g. <i>haiku</i>, <i>limericks</i>. Reading books and texts 	 Analysing the conventions of different types of writing. Recommending books to their peers with reasons for 	 and across texts e.g. similar events in different books. Comparing texts written in different periods.
• Discuss how specific information is organised within a non-fiction text e.g. <i>text boxes, sub-</i>	 Reading books and texts for a range of purposes e.g. enjoyment, research, skills development, reference. 	 for a range of purposes and responding in a variety of ways. Analysing and comparing a 	 Reading books and texts that are structured in different ways for a range of 	• Analysing the conventions of different types of writing e.g. use of dialogue to indicate geographical
headings, contents, bullet points, glossary,	Using dictionaries to check meanings of words they have	range of plot structures.Retelling a range of	purposes.Expressing preferences	and/or historical settings for a story
 Identify, discuss and collect favourite words and phrases. 	read.Sequencing and discussing the main events in stories	stories, including less familiar fairy stories, myths and legends.	about a wider range of books including modern fiction, traditional stories and myths	 Independently read longer texts with sustained stamina and interest.
Recognise use of repetitive language within a text or poem e.g. <i>run,run as fast as</i>	 Retelling a range of stories, including less familiar fairy stories, fables and folk tales. 	 Identifying, analysing and discussing themes e.g. safe and dangerous, instand unjust ato 	 and legends Learning a wider range of poems by heart. 	 Recommending books to their peers with detailed reasons for their opinions.
you can and across texts e.g. long, long ago in a land faraway	 Identifying and discussing themes e.g. good over evil, weak and strong etcr 	 <i>justand unjust etc.</i> Identifying, discussing and collecting effective words 	 Preparing poems and playscripts to read aloud and perform, showing 	 Expressing preferences about a wider range of books including modern
Make personal reading choices and explain reasons	Identifying and discussing conventions e.g. <i>numbers</i>	and phrases which capture the reader's interest and	understanding through intonation, tone, volume and	fiction, traditional stories, fiction from our literary
for choices.	three and seven in fairy tales,			heritage and books from

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Understand both the books	magical sentence repeated	imagination e.g.	action so the meaning is	other cultures and
they can already read	several times.	metaphors, similes.	clear to an audience.	traditions.
accurately and fluently	 Identifying, discussing and 	Learning a range of poems		Learning a wider range of
andthose that they listen to by:	collecting favourite words	by heart and rehearsing	Understand what they read by:	poems by heart.
 Introducing and discussing 	and phrases which capture	for performance.	 Checking that the book 	 Preparing poems and
key vocabulary within the	the reader's interest and	 Preparing poems and 	makes sense to them and	playscripts to read aloud
context of a text	imagination.	playscripts to read aloud,	demonstrating	and perform using dramatic
 Use morphology to work 	 Preparing poems and 	showing understanding	understanding e.g. through	effects.
out the meaning of	playscripts to read aloud,	through intonation, tone,	discussion etc.	
unfamiliar words e.g.	showing understanding	volume and action.	 Exploring meaning of words 	Understand what they read by:
terror, terrorised.	through intonation, tone,	Discussing their	in context.	Exploring texts in groups
Activating prior knowledge	volume and action	understanding of the text by:	 Demonstrating active 	and deepening
and raising questions e.g.		• Explaining the meaning of	reading strategies e.g.	comprehension through
What do we know? What	Understand what they read	key vocabulary within the	generating questions to	discussion.
do we want to know? What	independently by:	context of the text.	refine thinking, noting	Exploring new vocabulary in
have we learned?	Discussing their	Making predictions based	thoughts in a journal et.	context
Checking that texts make	understanding of the text.	on information stated and	 Inferring characters feelings, 	Demonstrating active
sense while reading and	Explaining the meaning of	implied.	thoughts and motives from	reading strategies e.g.
self-correct	unfamiliar words by using the	Demonstrating active	their actions and justifying	challenging peers with
 Making predictions using 	context.	reading strategies e.g.	inferences with evidence.	questions, justifying
evidence from the text	Making predictions based on	generating questions,	 Predicting what might 	opinions, responding to
 Making inferences about 	details stated.	finding answers, refining	happen from information	different viewpoints within
characters and events using	Raising questions during the	thinking, modifying	stated and implied.	a group.
evidence from the text e.g.	reading process to deepen	questions, constructing	Re-read and reads ahead to	Inferring characters
what is a character	understanding	images.	locate clues to support	feelings, thoughts and
thinking, saying and	Drawing inferences around	Drawing inferences	understanding.	motives from their actions,
feeling?	characters thoughts, feelings	around characters'	 Scanning for key words and 	justifying inferences with
	and actions, and justify with	thoughts, feelings, actions	text marking to locate key	evidence e.g. Point +
	evidence from the text.	and motives, and justify	information.	Evidence + Explanation
	Using point and evidence to	with evidence from the	Summarising main ideas	Predicting what might
	structure and justify	text using point and	drawn from more than one	happen from information
	responses.	evidence	paragraph and identifying	stated and implied.
	Discussing the purpose of	Identifying main ideas	key details which support	Re-read and reads ahead to
	paragraphs and identifying	drawn from more than	this.	locate clues to support
	key ideas.	one paragraph and	Identifying how language,	understanding and
		summarising these.	structure and presentation	justifying with evidence
	Retrieve and record	Retrieve and record	contribute to.	from the text.
	information from non-fiction.	information from non-	Discuss and evaluate how	Scanning for key
	Evaluating how specific	fiction.	authors use language	information e.g. looking for
	information is organised		including figurative	

text boxes, s contents, bu glossary, diaParticipating in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say making contributions in whole class and group discussion by: Listening and responding to contributions from others giving opinions and supporting with reasons.Participating in discussion allossary, diaParticipating in discussion what is read to them, taking turns and what others say ended taking turns and making contributions in whole class and group discussion by: Listening and responding to contributions from others giving opinions and supporting with reasons.Participating in discussion what is read to t they have read i taking turns and what others say ended others giving opinions and group situation	 <i>llet points,</i> <i>grams.</i> <i>discussion about</i> <i>hem and books</i> <i>ndependently,</i> <i>listening to</i> <i>organised within a non-fiction text.</i> <i>Explaining how paragraphs</i> <i>are used to order or build</i> <i>up ideas, and how they</i> <i>are linked.</i> <i>Navigating texts to locate</i> 	•	language, considering the impact on the reader. Exploring, recognising and using the terms metaphor, simile, imagery. Explaining the effect on the reader of the authors' choice of language. Distinguish between statements of fact or opinion within a text Participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others ideas and challenging views courteously. Explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary preparing formal presentations individually or in groups. Using notes to support presentation of information. Responding to questions generated by a presentation. Participating in debates on an issue related to reading (fiction or nonfiction). Provide reasoned justifications for their views justifying opinions and elaborating by referring to the text.	•	descriptive words associated with a setting. Skimming for gist.using a combination of skimming, scanning and close reading across a text to locate specific detail. Identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning e.g. <i>persuasive leaflet, balanced</i> <i>argument.</i> Discuss and evaluate how authors use language including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader Exploring, recognising and using the terms personification, analogy, style and effect. Explaining the effect on the reader of the authors' choice of language and reasons why the author .may have selected these. Distinguish between statements of fact or opinion across a range of texts. Participate in discussions about books building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously. Explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates,
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			 maintaining a focus of topic and using notes where necessary prep formal presentations individually or in grou Using notes to suppor presentation of inform responding to questio generated by a presentation. Participating in debate issues related to readi (fiction/non-fiction). Provide reasoned justifications for their views. Justifying opini and elaborating by refer to the text 	paring ps. t nation ms es on ing ons
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